

PROGRESS OF ROAD PLANS

BOARD OF TRADE HEARS REPORTS

Prospect of Securing Right of Way Appears Very Favorable According to Workers

Gratifying progress in the negotiations regarding the proposed extension of Huntington Drive to Sierra Madre was reported at Monday evening's meeting of the Board of Trade. While the stage when dirt will be flying is a long way off the results secured so far were taken to augur well for the enterprise.

President Tarr and C. W. Jones reported regarding the conference held with the Board of Supervisors which has already been related in the News. A. S. Mead reported regarding a conference with the owners of one piece of land through which it will be essential to secure a right of way. They were very responsive to advances and agreed to give the needed strip of land along one side of the P. E. tracks through their land. President Tarr said he had conferred with Mr. Bugbee, head of the Pacific Electric's land department, and found there would be no difficulty in securing a right of way across the twenty-acre tract owned by the company in the Eaton's canyon wash. Negotiations with two other property owners are still pending.

More New Members

Secretary Ballou reported his usual list of applications for membership, coming up with five names. The men who were voted in were Messrs. E. A. Hoffman, J. M. Beard, A. E. Shaw, J. A. Gilbert, Clinton Nourse, Frank Fraiberg. Mr. Ballou reported these accessions would bring the total membership in good standing to 119.

A letter was read from Mr. J. G. Blumer urging the board to go on record regarding the proposed initiative liquor ordinance. After discussion by Messrs. Tarr, Ballou, Keys, Hannaford and others it was voted unanimously as the sentiment of these present that the question was one for each individual to settle for himself, and not for the board to take up as an organization. Expression of individual opinions on the measure was studiously avoided in the discussion, the expressed desire being that the matter be dismissed without prejudice.

To Join Pasadena Celebration

A request was received from the Pasadena Board of Trade that Sierra Madre be represented in the auto parade at the May Day festival next Saturday morning at ten o'clock. As many autos as possible, decorated only with Sierra Madre pennants, and filled with school girls wearing garlands of flowers, are wanted. On motion President Tarr appointed as a special committee to handle the matter Messrs. M. D. Welsher, R. W. Maltbie and George B. Morgridge.

The report of receipts and expenditures of the Mt. Wilson race was presented by George B. Morgridge. Expenses amounted to \$44.80, all of which had been met by subscription and the bills paid.

Annual Picnic in June

When the matter of the annual Board of Trade picnic at one of the beaches was presented a general desire was made evident that it be held earlier than in the past to avoid conflict with Fourth of July enterprises. It has been customary to await the closing of the schools for the picnic, but it was suggested that a holiday might be taken by the schools as well as by the business houses of the town. Discussion of the merits of various beaches followed. It was finally voted on motion of L. Dietz, seconded by M. D. Welsher, that the picnic be held at Long Beach provided suitable concessions can be secured in the way of entertainment.

Use of Pennants Urged

President Tarr's suggestion that all local auto owners be urged to advertise Sierra Madre by carrying Sierra Madre pennants on their machines met with a favorable reception. This was very heartily commended as an excellent and inexpensive form of advertising. It was suggested that the merchants should be urged to put in a stock of pennants of suitable size and colors, with both "lefts" and "rights" for use on either side of a machine.

Need of Telegraph Service

By way of introducing a plea for better telegraph service A. S. Mead told of the loss of \$500 by the non-delivery of a telegram to people who had resided in Sierra Madre several months. Other inconveniences of the present telegraph arrangement were cited and roared to a nice, crisp brown. The matter was finally referred to the transportation committee for investigation.

Mrs. Frank Wright and Mrs. C. C. Nourse will have charge of the moving picture shows at the club house for the coming two weeks and it is hoped that an unusual number will be present at the shows. Pleasant weather permits all to enjoy the pictures both in the afternoon and evening.

Howard Hill has been attending the Congregational Conference this week at Pomona as a delegate from Congregational Church of this city. He will also visit in San Bernardino at the home of his niece, Mrs. George Seager.

STATE SAVES TREES

CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY COMMISSION PROTECTS TREES GROWING IN ROADWAYS

California's \$18,000,000 highway system is being so built as to preserve the trees which happen to be growing in the roadways which are improved. The latest number of the California Highway Bulletin, published by the state highway commission contains the reproduction of a photograph which might surprise some of those who advocate taking out all the trees which are growing in the Sierra Madre streets. The picture's title is "Saving the Trees, State Highway near Roseville." The picture shows a road crew at work building roadways on either side of a big tree which stands in the middle of the road. A large oval space about the tree is left uncovered by paving material in order to allow air and moisture to penetrate the soil about the trunk. The outward swing on either side of the tree gives quite a curve to the roadway. Another picture of a long straight stretch of highway shows a tree in the distance standing squarely in the middle of the road. The question arises, if trees are worth saving in state highways why not in Sierra Madre streets? The question of removing the trees from Sierra Madre's streets is one of the three questions to be voted on at next Tuesday's special election.

TRAPPING IS GOOD

Trapping is good in the mountains just now—if you know how. Eldred Yule knows how. Monday he brought a coon down from one of his traps. He has been teaching the little animal to lead, and it has been learning so fast that he thinks he will have it following him without a tether before long. Last week he captured a bobcat, which he brought down town with the aid of a companion and a double leading chain with which they kept the brute midway between them. The cat attracted a great deal of interest but seemed to arouse no desire for closer acquaintance on the part of the spectators.

AT ROCKWYLD

Last Thursday, Friday and Saturday the juniors of Whittier College gave a house party for the seniors at Rockwyld. They were chaperoned by President Newlin, Mrs. Newlin, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Means and Mrs. E. R. Clark.

Others who registered during the week were a luncheon party with Mrs. Gregory of Hotel Maryland as hostess. Another party consisted of Miss Elizabeth Yoder of Hollywood and Miss Eva Smith, Mrs. Stevens and Miss Stevens of Los Angeles.

MORE STREET LIGHTS

A new cluster of tungsten lamps has been hung over Kersting Court, between the Pacific Electric station and the post office, brilliantly illuminating the street at that point. Removal of a branch from one of the nearby pepper trees will extend the illuminated area to the alleyway beside the post office. The expense of the cluster will be borne jointly by the city and the Sierra Madre Building & Investment Corporation. A new lamp has also been installed at the order of the city on Montecito avenue midway between Auburn and Hermosa.

PURCHASES BEACH HOME

According to Los Angeles newspaper reports C. H. Baker of Sierra Madre, proprietor of the Baker shoe stores in Los Angeles, has purchased the Cecil J. Gordon residence on the ocean front at Hermosa Beach for a summer home. The house is one of the most beautiful in that section and the reported consideration was \$30,000.

HOME OF TRUTH

"The New Evangelism" is the subject of the discourse to be given next Sunday at 3:30 at the Home of Truth, 493 Auburn avenue. Text from Luke 4:14 and 32, "And Jesus returned in the power of the Spirit into Galilee." "And they were astonished at his doctrine; for his word was with power." Services conducted by Harriet C. Hamor. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Sunday school at 2 o'clock.

THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Church of the Ascension, the Rev. Dr. Geo. H. Cornell, rector. Vested choir. Trinity Sunday. Sunday school 9:45 a.m. Sermon and holy communion 11 a.m. All are cordially invited.

PROGRESS.

New occasions teach new duties. Time makes ancient good uncouth. They must upward still and onward who would keep abreast of Truth. Lo, before us gleam her camps and fires. We ourselves must pilgrims be. Launch our Mayflower and steer boldly through the desperate winter sea. Nor attempt the future's portal with the past's blood rusted key.

—Lowell.

TAX LOSS IS REPAYED

PART OF INCOME FROM FORESTS IS TURNED OVER TO STATES FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES

The money spent on the National Forests is an assurance against the damage or destruction by fire of some two billion dollars worth of public property, and against monopoly and extortion when the private lands which now supply the bulk of our yearly consumption of timber are nearly exhausted. The timber of the National Forests is increasing in value at the rate of at least fifty million dollars a year. It would be poor economy not to be willing to spend two or three millions annually to insure that immense return.

Ultimately the National Forests will be self-supporting. But in the meantime there is little more ground for saying that they cost more than they bring in than there would be in complaining that the premiums paid for fire insurance, or the cost of a city fire department, failed to bring in an annual cash return. And it may not be generally known that, apart from the fact that more than 600,000 persons every year engage in the use or development of National Forests, the Western States now receive for their schools and roads, in lieu of taxes, twenty-five per cent of the gross revenue from the National Forests. Up to January 30, 1912, they have thus received \$2,606,400; and congress has set aside an additional 10 per cent for building roads. In some places the proceeds from this thirty-five per cent of the gross revenue already exceeds what would be produced by taxation under private ownership.

BUSINESS IS GOOD

INTERESTING SIDELIGHT ON NATIONAL SITUATION IS FURNISHED BY C. F. GRAY

Business has not so far felt the dire effects which were prophesied as necessary results of a Democratic administration. In fact underlying conditions are so good generally that anything like a panic would be deemed by the public as deliberately perpetrated and inexcusable. Indications of confidence of the manufacturing industries are shown in a letter received by C. F. Gray from the manager of the St. Louis branch of the Singer Sewing Machine Company. The latter reports business to be so good that he will be satisfied merely to have it remain at the present level.

Such a large part of the business of the Singer corporation consists in supplying machines to manufacturers that the volume of its business is an excellent index of the manufacturing situation. The machines are used in making clothing of all kinds, shoes, gloves, and so many other things that heavy buying of new machinery indicates a strong demand and foretells a heavy output in all these things.

The Ancient Priscillas were entertained on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. Mackerras, who was assisted by the Misses Moore and Law. A pleasant afternoon was participated in by all those present and very delightful refreshments were served.

HOW TO KILL FLIES QUICKLY AND CHEAPLY

Professor R. I. Smith, entomologist, North Carolina agricultural station, says: "Formalin is a very successful poison for flies in spite of many reports to the contrary. I have recently used it extensively with excellent results. The method that I have found most successful is the use of formalin in milk with the following proportions:

"One ounce (two tablespoonfuls) of formalin; sixteen ounces (one pint) of equal parts milk and water.

"In this proportion the mixture seems to attract the flies much better than when used in sweetened water. The mixture should be exposed in shallow plates. A piece of bread in the middle of the plate furnishes more space for the flies to alight and feed and in this way serves to attract a greater number of them.

"I first used this poison in a milk room where the flies were very numerous and poisoned over 5,000 flies in less than twenty-four hours on several occasions. Over a pint of flies were swept up in this room each time the poison was used.

"Another experiment was used in a large calf barn where the flies were numerous. I exposed six ordinary sized plates of the formalin poison mixture and killed about 40,000 (four quarts of flies) between 12 o'clock noon and 8 the next morning. This is only an illustration of what can be done with formalin around stables where flies are breeding. I could cite a number of cases where the formalin poison mixture has been used in unscreened kitchens and dining rooms and resulted in killing practically all the flies.

"A good place to use this formalin is on the front and back porches, where flies are frequently numerous and waiting to enter whenever the doors are opened."

A Letter to the Editor and a Reply

The Editor Sierra Madre News,

Sir: In your last issue, in writing on "The Effect of Liquor Ordinance," you refer to the private winery of Camille Guercio as if it were affected by the ordinance to be voted on next week. As this reference is misleading, especially as reports are being circulated as to the sale of wine by Mr. Guercio, I desire to point out that I have it direct from Mr. Guercio that he does not sell wine, and have further ascertained that he has no license for so doing. The ordinance will not therefore prevent Guercio from making wine for his own use, and the fact remains that the Hart Winery is the only one that can be hit by the ordinance.

I have duly noted that you express your personal opinion that the initiative ordinance "was not aimed at any one man." Far be it from me to question the sincerity of your opinion, and yet there are others who hold an opposite opinion with equal sincerity. But is not all this beside the mark when on the next line you practically admit that the ordinance was intended to hit everybody all around.

If some ill-advanced individual fires a blunderbuss, loaded with slug shot, into a crowd and kills an old and respected citizen it is poor consolation to his family and friends to have the coroner record the plea that the blunderbuss "was not aimed at any one man." And that is the trouble with blunderbuss ordinances prepared in furtherance of temperance. They are just as likely to hit friends as not. The ordinance in question for example hits myself and many others in Sierra Madre who are as sincerely friends of true temperance as yourself, and yet you propose to treat us—grown men and women—as kindergarten children.

Hitherto we have been able to buy a pure wine from Mr. Hart for our own private use or "to dispense to our guests as an act of hospitality." In future we are to be graciously permitted to dispense to our friends, but we are not to be allowed to purchase from Mr. Hart nor is anyone to be permitted to deliver to our houses. Now, Sir, when in your next issue you give your readers your personal views on this ordinance I beg of you to inform me why you are a party to putting such an unwarrantable affront on my friends, my neighbors and myself.

Why, for example, do you propose to treat me after 26 years of peaceable residence in Sierra Madre, as an imbecile, a degenerate, or a drunkard? Where, in fact, in this supposedly free country, do you derive the social or moral right to legislate as to what I shall eat, or what I shall drink, or wherewithal I shall be clothed?

What is the matter with Sierra Madre anyhow? Why do you and your friends persistently ignore its standard, sober, quiet, well conducted record in the past and persist in holding the town up to the world as a foul miasmic place needing the most frenzied prohibitionist legislation? Can you point out a more orderly community on the whole than that of Sierra Madre? Why then do you strive to introduce the usual demoralizing concomitants of extra dry legislation; the blind pig, the pseudo-drug store, and the police spy with all their detestable and degrading associations. Can you not leave such conditions to such places as Long Beach?

Are you and your friends not large minded enough to allow for differences in opinion and different modes of life, or do you wish to drive out of the place all those who do not agree with you and who simply desire to live by their own lives and to be religiously left alone?

Of course I can foresee that you will strongly protest against any such intention, but facts speak louder than words. You were ready to loading the blunderbuss and will be equally ready to fire it at the friends of Sierra Madre it may hit or scatter.

When the old charm of Sierra Madre and the quiet neighborhood, do as you would be done by, mind your own business and let the past have been destroyed by the eternal mediocrity of modern legislation, you need not be surprised if ordinances intended to hit everyone all around and none in particular should drive some of us to seek fresh field and pastures new.

JOHN GEO. BLUMER.
Sierra Madre, May 13, 1913.

A COMMUNICATION

Sierra Madre, Cal., May 4, 1913.
Editor of Sierra Madre News:
Sir—Will you kindly insert the following excerpt from the late Professor William Graham Sumner's (of Yale) essay "On the Case of a Certain Man," in the next, or the following issue of your paper? I am sure you would wish to give both sides of the question which will soon agitate Sierra Madre, in the News, and it seems to me that the appended quotation gives with crystal clearness the case against that "Prohibition" that never prohibits. Sincerely yours,
JULIE EDITH BLUMER.

"The fallacy of all prohibitory, summary and moral legislation is the same. A and B determine to be teetotalers, which is often a wise determination and sometimes a necessary one. If A and B are moved by considerations which seem to them good, that is enough. But A and B put their heads together to get a law passed which shall force C to be a teetotaler for the sake of D, who is in danger of drinking too much. There is no pressure on A and B. They are having their own way and they like it. There is rarely any pressure on D. He does not like it and evades it. The pressure all comes on C. The question then arises, Who is C? He is the man who wants alcoholic liquors for any honest purpose whatsoever, who would use his liberty without abusing it, who would occasion no public question and trouble nobody at all. He is just what each one of us ought to be."

Mr. John G. Blumer:

Sir: I am glad to see that you agree with me on the importance of sticking to facts in discussion of the proposed ordinance. If I make an error it is unintentional and I am willing to be corrected.

In regard to the Guercio winery, the owner must have a prodigious thirst if the amount of wine which I am informed (on data coming from employees of the place) is made there is intended for "private" consumption. Wine has been sold there in the past and there is nothing in the present laws to prevent the plant being operated on a commercial basis. The proposed ordinance would make this impossible.

Much argument has been adduced to prove that the initiative ordinance was inspired and is being supported to gratify personal malice against Mr. Hart. I have heard no word from any proponent of the measure which would justify such a conclusion, but much to controvert it.

But all this is, as you say, decidedly beside the mark. The ordinance is plainly designed to hit every phase of the liquor business in Sierra Madre. It is supported with that intention.

"Blunderbusses" are numerous in variety. I know of none worse in its results than a "respectable" liquor establishment. It is poor consolation to the wife and children who are deprived of necessities of life or subjected to abuse to know that the husband and father gratifies his depraved appetite with liquor which comes, perhaps in a roundabout way, from a law abiding establishment which is patronized by the "best people of the community." Does the alcohol in "pure Sierra Madre wine" have an effect different from that of any other alcohol? Does the character of the establishment in which the liquor originates save the life of the poor drunkard who falls beneath the car wheels while under its influence? Regardless of the good intentions of the manufacturer, the alcohol is no respecter of persons. That is the trouble with the alcoholic "blunderbuss." It hits the innocent as well as those who are unable to control their appetites when the stuff is within reach. As long as it is manufactured it will be obtained, either directly or through the devious ways which seem so easy for it to find, and used to excess.

I dislike causing inconvenience to anyone. But this feeling bears no comparison to the sympathy for the innocent sufferers from the traffic and the feeling of responsibility for the boys and girls, too—who will be in peril as long as the manufacture of alcoholic beverages is continued.

Men have even been known to give up liquor after more than 26 years of use, just for the sake of helping the poor fellow who is unable to use it with equal apparent impunity. Do you forget the overwhelming tendency of modern sociological thought and action to shift the blame for poverty and crime, one of the chief being alcoholic liquor?

By what social or moral right do you and your friends seek to fasten upon the community this traffic so fraught with danger to the individual and to society? Are you not aware that soon after you came to America the Supreme Court declared that American citizenship did not confer or guarantee the right to sell alcoholic liquor?

Yes, what is the matter with Sierra Madre, anyhow? Why ignore the existence of blind pigs and other abuses under the present liberal ordinance which you laud? Few towns put up a better appearance of order, but many citizens have even higher ideals for the community. The argument that "prohibition does not prohibit" would justify removing the prohibitions against murder, theft, the opium traffic, or any other crime. Applied to Sierra Madre the argument is either a threat or a confession that the community is not as law-abiding as we profess it to be. If I were so intolerant of differing opinions as you imply would I be impartial to both sides in allowing use of the News columns to set forth their views? Yes, Mr. Blumer, I can allow the other fellow to oppose my opinion without feeling even an inclination to call him narrow minded, a crank or a scoundrel. I have small respect for the man who lacks the civic spirit or moral courage to form and express an opinion, whether like my own or not. But this "supposedly free country" is a country of majorities and I respect the man who has the good grace to abide by the will of the majority.

Nothing has done more to mar the charm which Sierra Madre exerts upon many of its residents than the thought of the evil resulting from the various forms of the liquor business which are at present legalized here. I believe the adoption of this "blunderbuss" ordinance will do much to establish that charm as a permanent asset.

Having often admired your ability in argumentation, I am surprised at your resort to a threat, as in your last paragraph. Moreover, it seems to me that contemplation of the amazing forward strides of prohibition in this state and nation would induce a fear lest it be necessary to search beyond the bounds of the United States for the "fresh fields and pastures new" to which you refer.

For myself, whatever the outcome of the election, I expect to remain in Sierra Madre aiding with good faith, good humor and what energy I can spare from the business of earning bread and butter for myself and family. In whatever movement my conscience tells me is for the best interest of the community. Very truly yours,
GEORGE B. MORGRIDGE.

LARGE VOTE IS EXPECTED

Chief Interest Is in Ordinance for Regulation of Liquor Business in Sierra Madre

Interest in the approaching election continues to occupy the public mind and grows as the date draws nearer. It now seems probable that the vote cast next Tuesday will be by far the largest ever polled in Sierra Madre.

Chief interest centers in the first proposition on the ballot, the question of "wet" or "dry." Both sides have been making a spirited canvass of the town in an effort to win votes. Common opinion seems to be that the result will be very close and that the fight cannot now be regarded as won or lost by either side.

Poolrooms and Street Trees

Opinions on the result of the other two propositions seem to be more confident. The general opinion seems to be that there will be a large affirmative vote on the second proposition involving the prohibiting of poolrooms. Many persons who are advocating the retention of wineries and the "beer wagon" are openly opposing poolrooms. Of course the element which favors a wide open town will favor both.

Removal of all the trees now growing in the public roadways is too drastic a procedure even for some of the people who signed the petition asking the trustees to take out the trees on West Central Avenue. It was that petition which precipitated the issue and caused the third proposition to be placed on the ballot. The activity which was apparent at an earlier stage has subsided somewhat since it has become a question of removing all the trees, even in the streets least used where there can be no danger whatever.

How to Mark Your Ballot

To persons who are awed by legal phraseology the statement of the propositions on the ballots has seemed somewhat confusing. Several requests have come to the News office for information as to the proper way to stamp the cross (X) to express one's preference on the various propositions. Accordingly the following simple instructions are offered:

Proposition I: To vote "dry" put the cross after the word YES; to vote "wet" put the cross after the word NO.

Proposition II: To vote against poolrooms put a cross after the word YES; to vote in favor of poolrooms put a cross after the word NO.

Proposition III: To vote for the removal of street trees place the cross after the word YES; to vote against the removal of street trees put a cross after the word NO.

Unless you are very familiar with the ballot the best plan to follow is to mark a sample ballot in advance and take it into the voting booth with you for reference.

PAPER FROM WASTE

POSSIBILITY OF MAKING PAPER FROM CALIFORNIA WOOD SUBJECT OF STUDY

The Forest Service has been carrying on experiments to determine the value of California woods for the manufacture of pulp and paper. The woods used have in nearly all cases been those which are of inferior quality for lumber. The notable exception is redwood. With this species the experiments have been conducted with a view to finding use for the immense quantity of mill waste in the form of slabs and odds and ends. Redwood fibres are much longer than those of the standard pulpwood, spruce, and their great strength is an important factor. The results indicate that the commercial possibilities for redwood mill waste in the form of tough, strong paper are very great and it is more than likely that the exploitation of this material will become a reality in the near future.

Other woods tested are white and red fir and lodgepole pine. The wood of the fir is light in color and comparatively free from materials which are not readily reduced in the chemical processes which have been developed to the highest standard of efficiency. The fibers are long and strong and the pulp is easily bleached for commercial use. The paper produced is in every way equal to that of the spruce which is used so largely in the manufacture of pulp in this country. A very good grade of mechanical pulp is made from lodgepole pine. All of these species occur in quantities sufficient for the establishment of large plants whose operations will cover long periods.

An attractive feature to be considered in connection with pulp and paper operations on the Coast is the large amount of water power available. The District Forester in San Francisco has received several applications for the sale of pulpwood. Some good chances have already been worked up and others will be investigated thoroughly during the coming summer.

John Hart, Jr., returned on Sunday to his home in New York after visiting at the home of his father, Prof. J. H. Hart. Mrs. Hart expects to return later in the month, after a longer visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Blumer.

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MONROVIA STEAM LAUNDRY.

Postcards at the News Printery

PERSONAL MENTION

H. M. Olds of Dickinson, N. Dak.,
is visiting at the home of his sister,
Mrs. W. H. Ingraham.

Miss Mable Vale of Long Beach was
the guest over the week end at the
home of Miss Hazel Hill.

Mrs. D. E. May of Hollywood was
the guest of her cousin Mrs. C. F. Gray
for a few days last week.

Cla de Davis has gone to Bakers-
field where he will spend a short time
attending to business matters.

Arthur Collins of Bath, England, was
the guest on Tuesday at the home of
Mr. and Mrs. George Humphries.

Mrs. J. H. Nightingale has gone to
San Francisco, where she will spend
some time visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. A. S. Moore of Balboa was the
guest on Monday and Tuesday at the
home of her daughter, Mrs. C. W.
Mithell.

Mrs. C. F. Gray and Mrs. Greer Cas-
key spent a delightful visit last week
at the home of Miss Mae Campbell in
Claremont.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Kersting are in
San Diego this week where the former
is attending the meeting of the state
bankers' association.

Rev. and Mrs. Logie MacDonnell,
who have been spending the winter in
Sierra Madre, returned on Monday to
their home in Canada.

Mrs. L. H. Anderson and daughter
Miss Marguerite Anderson of Long
Beach are staying a short time at their
Hermosa avenue residence.

Mrs. Roland Adams and daughter
Jane are enjoying a visit in Riverside
at the home of Mrs. Adams' parents,
Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Rockhold.

Mrs. J. T. Mason and daughter Miss
Katherine Mason left on Tuesday for
La Jolla where they will be for a short
time visiting at the Bishop's school.

Mrs. W. G. Jones and Mrs. Paulson
and daughter who are spending the
winter in Pasadena were week end
guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
C. W. Jones.

Mrs. S. C. Davis and Mrs. Mary Davis
Goodfellow were among guests present
at a delightful week-end house party
which was given by friends in High-
land Park.

Greer Caskey, C. F. Gray and Ralph
Lord returned home Monday after a
week's outing in the West Fork. They
report trout fishing fair, with a few
small catches and fish of medium size.

Miss Hallie Kuhn and Miss Marine
Brown of New Orleans who is the
guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N.
T. Brown, are spending the week in
Los Angeles at the home of friends.

Miss Hazel Woodward attended the
Reciprocity Day of the Cosmos Club
on Wednesday afternoon. The affair
was given in the Elbell club house and
the entertainment was in the form of
a musical program.

The Modern Friscillas and a few
friends are entertained this week at
the spacious home of Mrs. F. J. Hart
of the Sierra Madre Villa. A very
original sewing game and dainty re-
freshments were planned as features
of the entertainment.

Mrs. L. L. Krebs was hostess on
Wednesday afternoon at her home on
Alegria avenue when she entertained
the members of the Dickens Fellow-
ship. As is the custom the afternoon
at study and discussion and dainty re-
freshments were later served.

The Young People of the Christian
Endeavor Society of the Congregational
Church held a most enjoyable social
in the church parlors last Friday even-
ing. The rooms were fixed up to re-
present school rooms and Rev. Hanna-
ford officiated as district school mas-
ter. The guests came dressed as chil-
dren and answered to roll call with a
nursery rhyme. Many laughable cos-
tumes were seen which caused great
fun and merriment. Each carried a tin
can of lynch for "two" and about
thirty were present.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lettau have
gone for a week's motor trip to La
Jolla, San Diego, and Warner Springs.

DESK AND OFFICE SUPPLIES

Some people have not been aware
that the News Printery carried office
supplies as well as printing business
stationery. We are now better pre-
pared to display our stock and you are
invited to look it over at your conven-
ience. You will find all kinds of writ-
ing materials, pens, pencils, inks, clips
and paper fasteners, rulers, inkstands,
pushpins, picture and card hangers,
dating stamps, ink pads, thumb tacks,
all sizes of envelopes, and lots of other
things you are likely to need at any
time. Orders taken for rubber stamps,
brass signs and stencils. "Next the
postoffice."

Church Supper

Friday Evening, May 23

5:30 to 7:30

Served by the Ladies' Aid Society of the
Congregational Church in the church parlors

Plates 35 Cents

Everybody Welcome

Better Barber Work**The Antiseptic Shaving Parlor**

is now under new management and will be
conducted as a first class, up-to-date shop

Hours 7 A. M. to 8 P. M.

10 P. M. Saturdays

Two Barbers—No long waits

Yours for Good Service

ALVIN LANGLEY, Proprietor

While at La Jolla Mr. and Mrs. Lettau
will attend the May festival given by
the young ladies of the Bishop's school,
Miss Katherine Mason being chosen as
the May queen.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Jackson of Los
Angeles and Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Gra-
ham of Sierra Madre took dinner with
Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Stubbins on
Tuesday by way of celebrating the
birthday anniversary of Rev. Stubbins,
congratulating him on reaching the
three score and ten period with hearty
wishes for the four score and then
some.

Mrs. A. T. Gay and Mrs. W. R. Bel-
les entertained last Wednesday even-
ing with five hundred at Mrs. Gay's
home on South Baldwin avenue. Cecil
Br inner roses were effectively utilized
as decorations and very dainty refresh-
ments were served. Among those pres-
ent were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Johnson,
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Yerxa, Mr. and
Mrs. Pascoe, Mr. and Mrs. Beard, Mr.
and Mrs. Welsher, Mr. and Mrs. Wil-
liam Dennison, the Misses Verna Tri-
ola, Guttie, and Tillie Nuetzel, and
Messrs. Belles, Gay, Pelletier, Stein-
berger, and Dr. Holmes.

Beautiful things suitable for com-
mencement gifts—books, artistic fold-
ers, stationery and pictures. The News
Printery.

Carnation Cream for the hands has
proven so popular with those who have
tried it as to create a demand for it.
Consequently a supply of it has been
placed on sale at the News Printery.
in 25c and 50c bottles.

**For your friend
who graduates**

You have been wondering what to
give your friend who graduates from
school or college this spring. It must
be something pretty nifty if it is to be
appreciated, for your friend is pretty
well posted on what's what. You will
find the problem simplified if you will
come to the News Printery and look
around.

Here are books of various kinds
which would be enjoyed by almost any
boy or girl. Books of verse, nature
books, and little gift books with won-
derfully attractive and inspiring poems.

Then there are folders, artistically
printed, with sentiment and design ex-
pressively intended for commencement
gifts. They are good enough to send
alone, or may be enclosed with some
more pretentious gift.

Every boy and girl needs a kodak al-
bum. If they already have one they
will soon need another. This is the
place to get the right kind.

Stationery, well chosen, is always an
appropriate gift. Ask us if you want
the right estimate on quality. We
have the best made in pound boxes and
handsome paperies.

Wine is a mocker, strong drink is
raging, and whosoever is deceived
thereby is not wise.—Proverbs XX. 1.
Adv.

WANTED

Carpenter work by day, hour or job.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone Red 54.

M. Olsen's for children's sandals and
Oxfords, in white, tan and black, at
prices much lower than the fake "bank-
rupt sales" in Los Angeles.

J. M. BABER, Contractor. No job too
small or large. First class work guar-
anteed. Phone Red 54.

JOB WORK

Any kind of carpenter jobs wanted,
by reliable workman. Phone Red 54.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS'
MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the an-
nual meeting of the stockholders of the
Sierra Madre Cemetery Company will
be held in the office of the secretary,
corner of Baldwin avenue and Kerst-
ing Court, Sierra Madre, California, on
Tuesday, June 3, 1913, at the hour of
three p. m., for the purpose of electing
directors for the ensuing year and
transacting such other business as may
lawfully come before the meeting.

Elsie M. Gilliland, Secretary.
Sierra Madre, California, May 14, 1913.
33-34

NOTICE OF SALE OF PROPERTY
DELINQUENT FOR NON-PAY-
MENT OF BOND ISSUED FOR
THE IMPROVEMENT OF LIMA
STREET.

Default having been made in the
payment of the installment of the prin-
cipal and interest of that certain street
improvement bond hereinafter describ-
ed which became due on the second
day of January, 1913;

And the holder of said bond having,
on the 8th day of May, 1913, duly de-
manded in writing that the City Treas-
urer of the City of Sierra Madre pro-
ceed to advertise and sell the lot or
parcel mentioned in said bond and
hereinafter described, to represent an
assessment upon which said bond was
issued for making certain improve-
ments on Lima street in the City of
Sierra Madre and the said bond, or its
unpaid remainder, with accrued inter-
est, as expressed in said bond, having
thereupon become due and payable im-
mediately, and upon the day following,
to wit: the 9th day of May, 1913, hav-
ing become delinquent, and the whole
amount due on said bond not having
been paid;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given
that I, Max W. Wolff, City Treasur-
er of the City of Sierra Madre, under
and by virtue of the authority vested
in me by law, will, on the 4th day of
June, 1913, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.
m. of said day, sell at public auction
the real property hereinafter describ-
ed and mentioned in said bond, at the
office of the said City Treasurer, in the
City Hall of said City of Sierra
Madre unless the amount due on said
bond and the interest due thereon, to-
gether with the cost of publication of
this notice, are paid, according to law;
and that I will so sell the same to the
person who will pay the amount of un-
paid principal and interest due on said
bond, together with the cost of publi-
cation of this notice; that the said
sale will be made in accordance with
and under the provisions of an Act of
the Legislature of the State of Cali-
fornia, entitled: "An Act to Provide a
System of Street Improvement Bonds
to represent certain Assessments for
the Cost of Street Work, and Improve-
ment within Municipalities, and also
for the Payment of such Bonds," ap-
proved February 27, 1893, and amend-
ments thereto.

That the said bond referred to in this
notice is described as follows:

Street Improvement Bond Number
17, Series One, Assessment Number
36, in the City of Sierra Madre, County
of Los Angeles, State of California, for
the sum of Fifty-six and 5-100 doll-
ars (\$56.05), bearing interest at the
rate of seven per cent per annum, is-
sued for the improvement of Lima
street in the City of Sierra Madre
from Live Oak Avenue to a point 1210
feet north of Grand View Avenue;

Said bond is dated March 6, 1910, and
is issued to represent the assessment
upon the hereinafter described prop-
erty mentioned in said bond for the
street improvement above mentioned.

That the property mentioned in said
bond, and to represent the assessment
against which for said street improve-
ment said bond was issued, is that
certain parcel of land situate in the
City of Sierra Madre, County of Los
Angeles, State of California, more par-
ticularly described as follows: to wit:
Lot thirteen (13) of the Pinney Hotel
Tract, as per Bk. 17, P. 37 of Misc.
Records of Los Angeles County.

That the amount due on said bond
is as follows:

Due on principal thereof, fifty-two
and 83-100 dollars (\$52.83).

Due on account of interest accrued
on said bond, three and 70-100 dol-
lars (\$3.70).

Total amount due on said bond,
fifty-six and 53-100 (\$56.53).

That the name of the owner of said
property mentioned in said bond is
unknown.

Unless the amount of said bond as
aforesaid, together with the cost of
publication of this notice is paid, the
real property mentioned in said bond,
and hereinafter described, will be sold
at public auction, as aforesaid, on the
4th day of June, 1913, at the hour of
10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the
office of the undersigned, City Treasurer
of the City of Sierra Madre in the
City Hall, said city.

This notice shall be published for
two weeks in the Sierra Madre News,
a newspaper of general circulation,
published in the said City of Sierra
Madre, which said newspaper is hereby
designated by me as the newspaper in
which this notice shall be published.

MAX W. WOLFF,
City Treasurer of the City of Sierra
Madre.

Dated, Sierra Madre, California, May
9th, 1913.

33-34-35

The Monrovia Steam Laundry is now
giving Sierra Madre a daily service.

26tf

New Postcards—News Printery

**Ice Cream
and
Soda**

Our fountain is the place to get
palatable and cooling refreshments

Crescent Ice Cream

Merrill & Dow

Office of
MERRILL & DOW

Cement and Masonry Contractors

Black 100 Baldwin Ave.

PAY CASH and SAVE MONEY

NORRIS' SPECIALS

Saturday, May 17th

22 lbs. Northern Burbank Potatoes.....	.25
6 lbs. Prunes.....	.25
2 lbs. Raisin Biscuits.....	.25
Salt Mackerel, each.....	.08
Brazil Nuts, per lb.....	.15
1 can Pumpkin.....	.09
1 can Dyer's Baked Beans.....	.08
Starch, Corn or Gloss, per pkg.....	.07
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, per pkg.....	.10
Pot Roast, per lb.....	.13

Fresh Fish Every Friday

AT CASH STORE PRICES

Terms--SPOT CASH on Delivery

PHONE, BLACK 12

S. R. NORRIS, Prop. of the

Sierra Madre Dept. Store

4% Interest Helps

When you open a Savings Account with this Old
Reliable institution and add to it as rapidly as
circumstances will allow, you cannot help but
become financially independent

Bear in mind that every Dollar deposited with
us earns 4 per cent interest compounded every
six months, is free from taxes and available at
any time.

Your money when deposited with us will be
safe and your transactions WILL NOT BE DI-
VULGED TO ANY ONE.

Safety Deposit Boxes

\$2.00 Yearly

Why risk keeping valuable papers and
other articles at home, when this cheap
protection is so convenient?

First National Bank

Phone Main 4

Sierra Madre

Our Bedroom Furniture

is so pretty doctors say it is un-
healthy. It makes people want to
stay in their rooms instead of go-
ing out. But we are going to keep
on selling the pretty kind just the
same. Sell it at amazingly low
prices too. Take a look at our
dressers, easy chairs, brass beds,
etc., and judge for yourself.

J. J. BERGIEN

Blue 68

87 W. Central

"Have You Tried It Yet?"—"Tried What?"

"Why the Bread, Cakes and Pies baked fresh every day by the
Sierra Madre Bakery." "Well I should say so, the best I ever
ate—Better than mother used to make."

Phone Red 22

D. J. MILLARD, PROP.

Baldwin Ave.

Now is the Time to Plant**Chrysanthemums**

for the Fall Flower Show. We carry the stand-
ard varieties, many of which have been prize
winners wherever shown

Irving N. Ward Nursery

Phone Blue 29

Mt. Trail and Laurel

DELINQUENT SALE NOTICE

VOSBURG WATER COMPANY, a
corporation: Principal place of busi-
ness, Lamanda Park, County of Los
Angeles, State of California.

Notice: There is delinquent upon
the following described stock on ac-
count of assessment levied on the 28th
day of March, 1913, the several amounts
opposite the names of the respective
shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. of Certificates.	No. of Shares.	Amt.
Fred M. Wilcox..	61	5	\$12.50
Fred M. Wilcox..	62	7	17.50
Frances E. Brown	73	32	80.00
Clifton J. Platt..	10	4	10.00

WINERIES AND OTHER THINGS

To the Editor and Readers:

The question of permitting wineries and other means of dispensing liquor is now before the voters of Sierra Madre, as it is before many other communities. The only argument in favor of continuing the wineries in Sierra Madre seems to be a personal one.

We supposed it to be a conceded fact that no man's personal affairs should have any influence in the making of laws for the community at large.

The question is not whether Mr. Hart or Mr. Guercio are good men to run wineries. It is simply this: Are wineries a good thing to have in our city, or not? Are saloons a good thing for the masses, or not?

If there were a saloon in Sierra Madre what kind of men would you see sitting around the door or staggering down the street—the better class of citizens? Most assuredly not. It would be the loafers and those who have so lost their self-respect and self-control that they would not care who saw their condition.

The only difference between the saloon and our wineries is this: The Japanese boy, the Mexican, the unfortunate man (or woman) who is addicted to drink, from whatever class in life, can go, or send, to the winery and get his liquor and not many will see or know his shame. Is this better or worse than a saloon?

It is a useless argument to say that Mr. Hart never sells wine to a drunkard. He cannot by any possibility know the habits of all who come to his door for wine. Neither is his employee, the Japanese boy who dispenses and delivers it, able to discriminate.

Throughout all history we have records of men who were willing to sacrifice their lives for the benefit of humanity, and men have heroically lost their lives in saving the life of even one other human being of so little account that he might never have been missed.

Our wine manufacturers and merchants are not asked to sacrifice their lives or even their livelihood (for each has another occupation) but simply what is to them a small business. They are to sacrifice it for the benefit of humanity. It may be poor humanity, or rich humanity. That does not matter. In either case it is the humanity which becomes brutality, crime and death when under the influence of alcoholic drink.

Which can best afford to lose the dollars which the laboring men spend for gallons of wine—the makers of the wine, or the families of the men to whom those dollars mean the day's supply of food, the necessities of life? If the citizens of Sierra Madre allow this ordinance to be defeated it will not only mean that we will continue to have in our midst the wineries which are obviously more harmful, taking all classes into consideration, than an open saloon publicly located, but it will also mean the free delivery of alcoholic drinks from wagons to any man, woman or child within our city limits who desires it.

It follows that our beautiful Sierra Madre would attract a class of citizens who would not care so much for the beauty of our location as for the fact that they would not find in our clean, dry neighboring towns the condition suited to their tastes, namely, the opportunity of securing alcoholic drink. The whole matter may be summed up in the editorial in last Monday's Tribune on the subject of Samuel Greason, the New York brewer, whose will provides a legacy for his son conditioned on the latter's total abstinence for the period of three years. Commenting thereon, the Tribune said: "There spoke the father heart. Important as he doubtless regarded the continued success of his business, he felt deep in his best instincts that it is better to keep the feet of one youth out of the paths of danger."

MRS. ARTHUR N. CARTER.

Sierra Madre, May 12, 1913.

STATEMENT OF PROPOSITIONS

Propositions to be Submitted to the Qualified Voters of the City of Sierra Madre at the Special Election to be Held in Said City of Sierra Madre on Tuesday, the 20th Day of May, 1913, To-wit:

PROPOSITION I.

Shall the Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre make an act and ordinance as follows:

An ordinance for police regulation relating to places where spirituous, vinous, malt or any alcoholic liquors are manufactured, deposited, distributed, sold, delivered or given away in the City of Sierra Madre; making unlawful the manufacture, sale or giving away of such liquors within the City of Sierra Madre, with certain exceptions and repealing of ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict therewith.

Section 1. Any person, firm, corporation, club or association or any member of such club or association, who, within the corporate limits of the City of Sierra Madre, State of California, establishes or keeps a place where spirituous, vinous, malt or any alcoholic liquors are manufactured, sold, served, distributed or given away; or who within said City, as principal or agent, manufacturer, sells, furnishes, distributes or gives away any such alcoholic liquors, except as herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Every act in violation of this section shall separately or for each day of its continuance be deemed a separate offense.

Section 2. The provisions of Section 1 shall not apply to the following persons or places where liquors are sold or dispensed in the manner and for the purposes in this section provided.

1st. Any person serving or dispensing liquors at his own home to his guests as an act of hospitality, when such home is not a place of public resort, and when no money or thing of value is received in return for such liquors.

2nd. Any registered pharmacist who sells or dispenses liquors for bona fide medicinal purposes only, upon a prescription issued, signed and dated by a duly licensed physician; provided that the name of the person applying for the prescription, and the name of the person for whose use the prescription is made, shall be inserted therein by the physician issuing the same at the time the prescription is made or given, and that no more than one sale or furnishing is made upon such prescription, (and that all such prescriptions are kept on file at the place of business of such pharmacist, open to public inspection); and provided, further, that no liquors so sold or served

Sierra Madre, Cal., May 10th, 1913.
To the Citizens of Sierra Madre:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—On the twentieth day of May you are called upon to vote on an ordinance, presented to the City Trustees under an initiative petition, for submission to the people.

It is a matter of common notoriety that many who signed this petition were, when they did so, absolutely ignorant of its object, scope and intent. Others are reported to have signed with the vague assurance that it was "to save our boys."

As the real intent of this ordinance on which you are asked to vote is to perpetrate an act of gross injustice on Mr. J. J. Hart, one of our oldest and most respected citizens, it is important that the actual issue should be made clear.

The viticultural industry is one of the most important in the state of California. It has been the policy of the state for many years to encourage this

industry. The viticultural department of the State University issues bulletins, trains students, and advises grape growers and wine makers. The capital invested in this industry is estimated at over one hundred million dollars.

About thirty years ago Mr. J. J. Hart settled in Sierra Madre, was interested in this growing industry, bought land and decided to experiment in the manufacture of light pure wines, such as are produced on the continent of Europe.

Later Mr. Hart built a winery and has for many years bought grapes from local growers and sold wine to his friends and neighbors. By sales of pure unadulterated wine to private families, in numerous places in the east, Mr. Hart has made Sierra Madre a familiar name. Mr. Hart makes it an absolute rule not to sell, under any circumstances, to minors, or to persons known or reputed to be of intemperate habits. The winery is, in fact, so quietly conducted that newcomers have lived in Sierra Madre for months

and have never known of its existence.

It therefore follows that no boy in Sierra Madre is, or can be, under any temptation to buy wine at Mr. Hart's winery, for the simple reason that he could not get it for love or money.

No ordinance of any kind, therefore, is needed "to save our boys" from a danger which does not exist in fact, but only in the too vivid imagination of some excitable persons; and yet it is the object and intent of this ordinance to prohibit absolutely the manufacture and sale of wine in Sierra Madre.

This means, if the ordinance be carried, that Mr. Hart can no longer make wine; and he is to be summarily put out of business, his winery and plant rendered worthless, and his income from that source practically confiscated.

Today Mr. Hart is carrying on a perfectly legitimate business in an absolutely legitimate way.

On the morrow after election, if the promoters of this ordinance have their way, should Mr. Hart continue to con-

duct this legitimate business, still encouraged by every taxpayer, he will be liable to be arrested, to be fined, and even to be imprisoned in the "city jail," wherever that may be.

In other words, after being in Sierra Madre for thirty years, during which Mr. Hart has taken his share in promoting the progress of the place and the welfare of the people, thereby gaining the respect of all who know him, it is proposed that, unless he submit to an unfair, unjust and inequitable enactment, he shall be treated as a common criminal.

Will the temperate, fair-minded, self-respecting citizens of Sierra Madre vote for the perpetration of such an outrage?

We think not, and therefore urge them to make it a point of honor and duty to join with us in showing our disapproval of this crude, ignorant, ill-drawn, ill-considered, intemperate ordinance by voting NO on the day of election.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. Osgood
W. J. Lawless
John Geo. Blumer
E. H. Vannier
L. Dietz
Wm. E. Deutsch
E. W. Camp
J. Kraft
S. H. Spafford
G. Hallet Johnson
Geo. H. Lettau
Mrs. W. J. Lawless
Mrs. G. H. Lettau
W. W. Collins
Jane Collins
L. L. Krebs
Lydia M. Webster
H. I. Hawhurst
Thomas W. Lambert
Caroline H. Webster
Edith N. Hawhurst
E. B. Du Barry Wilson
T. M. Webster
Charles C. Montgomery
J. E. Furneaux
Wm. Dennison
A. L. Mathews
E. F. Pelletier
Harold Davenen
Annis B. Coffey
P. Schweich
Wm. F. Hatfield
W. E. Farman
Max W. Wolf
D. E. Bowen
Francis Conard
Annie M. Churchill
Minnie B. Davis

A. B. Jones
Julia Edith Blumer
Mary L. Roth
Christina Ellsworth
Nellie Sommer
Addie Sommer
Celia Adelmeier
Jessica H. Wright
Carlton J. Pegler
Mabel E. Pegler
Mary Pegler
H. E. Webb
H. M. Olsen
J. C. Ragsdale
F. B. Wheatley
Thomasella H. Graham
Theodosia B. Camp
J. Laurence Solly
Mrs. N. May Maltbie
M. C. Donnell
R. E. Bowen
F. W. Huston
Mrs. E. Deutsch
Francis Helen Hawks
Charles C. Hodine
Gustav Koch
Alice M. Deutsch
A. Landeck
S. R. G. Twycross
W. C. Hall
N. V. Morrison
Wm. F. Hatfield
E. T. Pierce
Mrs. J. A. Osgood
E. A. Hoffman
Mrs. E. A. Hoffman
Edith M. Crisp
Edith M. Steinberger

Maggie G. Steinberger
Mary H. Torrance
Rachel M. North
Elizabeth Borgham
Samuel S. Casad
Frank J. Turba
Adelbert J. Perry
Mrs. E. J. Perry
Elizabeth S. Dietz
Rowland D. Laws
Mrs. J. Kraft
C. M. Wilson
K. M. Ham
C. E. Cowles
W. H. Ingraham
Mrs. W. H. Ingraham
Charles F. Smith
M. E. French
Frank M. Seeley
H. A. Edwards
F. Slater
Holt R. Gregory
W. A. Bowen
Eleanor Bowen
Chloe B. Jones
J. R. Allen
Preston Schwartz
E. Kraft
W. P. Caley
John Gapper
Geo. C. Ray
E. H. Porter
Mrs. J. H. Nightingale
W. W. Felgate
E. Grace Durland
E. F. Ballou
W. S. Dow

John Anderson
E. S. Mollenkopf
J. A. Gilbert
Max Adler
Oswald Kehlet
Ethel H. Hawks
M. Goldstein
E. V. Wilson
H. A. Binford
E. B. Grille
C. F. Huston
E. R. Willard
Fred Edwards
Fred Breininger
F. B. Lewis
R. A. Adams
Jacob P. Schweich
Josephine Schweich
J. F. Sullivan
Frank Benesh
K. M. Ham, Jr.
L. Newcomb
J. E. Jones
H. F. Bridges
Henrietta Jacobsen
Jane McGregor
T. Schlessinger
Marion W. Vannier
Florence E. Vannier
C. F. Vannier
L. C. Cameron
M. E. Cameron
James N. Hawks
Mrs. A. D. Hawks
Daisy E. Hawks
George K. Burke
H. J. Potter
Marian E. Lees
W. R. Lees

shall be drunk upon the premises.
3rd. Any person selling alcohol for scientific purposes or to be used in the arts or a registered pharmacist selling alcohol, for medicinal purposes.

4th. Any person selling or distributing wine for sacramental purposes only.
Section 3. Any person who shall solicit orders within the City of Sierra Madre, for any spirituous, vinous, malt or other alcoholic liquors shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 4. Every person who lets, leases or rents any place to be used, or permits the same to be used, for the purpose of violating this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 5. Every person taking out, or having taken out, a license for any business for which a license is required by the ordinances of the City of Sierra Madre, who shall be convicted of establishing or keeping a place contrary to this ordinance, shall in cases where such unlawful place has been established or kept, in connection with such lawful business, forfeit such license and no new license for such lawful business shall be issued to such person during the period of three years thereafter.

Section 6. Any clerk, servant, agent or person committing any act in violation of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty as principal.

Section 7. Every person found guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined in the sum of not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$300.00, or be imprisoned in the City jail for not more than three months, or be punished by both such fine and imprisonment, and he may be imprisoned until the fine be satisfied, which must not exceed one day for every two dollars of the fine; and any person who is found guilty of the violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, by being convicted of an offense committed after a previous conviction under this ordinance, shall be imprisoned for a period of not less than one month or more than three months, without the alternative of paying a fine as the penalty therefor, or he may be punished by both a fine and imprisonment.

Section 8. All other ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

PROPOSITION II.

Shall the Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre repeal Ordinance No. 162 prohibiting pool rooms and billiard halls and repealing Ordinance No. 10 or said City, which Ordinance No. 162 was signed and approved the 26th day of September, 1912, or shall said ordinance stand and be in full force and effect.

Said ordinance No. 162 reads as follows:

Ordinance No. 162

An Ordinance of the Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre prohibiting pool rooms and billiard halls, and repealing Ordinance No. 10 of said City.

The Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre do ordain as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to establish, maintain or conduct the business of a pool room or billiard hall within the City of Sierra Madre.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation violating this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punishable by a fine, not exceeding Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars, or by imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 3. Ordinance No. 10 of the Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre is hereby repealed.

Section 4. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this ordinance and shall cause the same to be published once in the Sierra Madre News, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in the said City of Sierra Madre, and hereby designated for that purpose.

The foregoing Ordinance was adopted at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of Sierra Madre held on the 26th day of September, 1912, by the affirmative vote of at least three (3) Trustees.

Ayes: Trustees Pegler, Steinberger, Tarr and Gray.

Noes: None.

Absent: Trustee Jones.

Signed and approved this 25th day of September, 1912.

L. E. STEINBERGER,

President Pro Tem Board of Trustees.

Attest: C. H. PERRY,

City Clerk.

(Seal)

PROPOSITION III.

Shall the Board of Trustees order the removal of all trees and other obstructions from between the curbs of the streets of the City of Sierra Madre, except where such trees were specially reserved from the deeds of conveyance to the city of certain streets in which said trees were growing.

FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN

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Adv.

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Saturday, May 17, 1913

Four Great Features---Everything Free!

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Hotel Maryland Amphitheatre—Under the auspices of Pasadena Automobile Dealers Association Friday at 1 p. m. to Saturday, May 17th, at 11 p. m.

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By Pasadena Municipal Band—50 Performers—Library Park, Saturday 2:30 p. m.

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FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1913

Editorial Chat**One of the Good Times Boys**

Jack London could hardly be called a temperance fanatic. Perusal of almost any of his writings leads to the conclusion that he gets about as much enjoyment out of a social glass as any one—as much as he confesses to in his latest serial, "John Barleycorn." For the benefit of those who did not read the concluding installment in the Saturday Evening Post of May 3 I make a few quotations (the emphasis of bold face type being my own.)

"My life has indeed fallen in pleasant places. Not a hundred men in a million have been as lucky as I. Yet, with all this vast good fortune, am I sad. And I am sad because John Barleycorn [author's expression for all liquor] is with me. And John Barleycorn is with me because I was born in what future ages will call the Dark Ages before the age of rational civilization. * * *

"The pseudo-civilization into which I was born permitted everywhere licensed shops for the sale of soul-poison. The system of life was so organized that I—and millions like me—were lured and drawn and driven to the poison shops. [referring to social drinking.]

"It was my unmitigated good fortune, good luck, chance—that brought me through the fires of John Barleycorn. My life, my career, my joy in living, have not been destroyed. They have been scorched, it is true; but, like the survivors of forlorn hopes, they have by unthinkably miraculous ways come through the light to marvel at the tally of the slain.

"And like such a survivor of old red war, who cries out, 'Let there be no more war!' so I cry out, 'Let there be no more poison-fighting by our youths!' The way to stop war is to stop it—the way to stop drinking is to stop it. The way China stopped the general use of opium was by stopping the cultivation and importation of opium. The philosophers, priests and doctors of China could have preached themselves breathless against opium for a thousand years, and the use of opium, so long as opium was ever accessible and obtainable, would have continued unabated. We are so made—that is all.

"We have with great success made a practice of not leaving arsenic and strychnine, and typhoid and tuberculosis germs, lying round to destroy our children. Treat John Barleycorn the same way. Stop him. Don't let him lie round licensed and legal, to pounce upon our youth. Not of alcoholics or for alcoholics do I write, but for your youths, for those who possess no more than the adventure stings and the general predispositions, the social man-impulses, which are twisted all awry by our barbarian civilization that feeds them poison on all the corners. It is the healthy, normal boys now born or being born for whom I write.

"The women know. They have paid an incalculable price of sweat and tears for man's use of alcohol. Ever jealous for the race, they will legislate for the babes of boys yet to be born; and for the babes of girls too—for they must be the mothers, wives and sisters of these boys.

"And it will be easy. The only ones that will be hurt will be toppers and seasoned drinkers of a single generation. I am one of these; and I make solemn assurance, based upon long traffic with John Barleycorn, that it won't hurt me very much to stop drinking when no one else drinks and when no drink is obtainable. On the other hand, the overwhelming proportion of young men are so normally non-alcoholic that, never having had access to alcoholic, they will never miss it. They will know of the saloon only in the pages of history, and they will think of the saloon as a quaint old custom similar to bull-baiting and the burning of witches."

For a time Sierra Madre will doubtless be bothered by the "wetness" of Los Angeles and other communities. But I do not see how any man who knows what is going on in the way

of temperance legislation and better law enforcement can escape the conclusion that the whole state and nation will soon be rid of the curse that is responsible for supplying the county poor farm with three-fourths of its inmates, and for filling prisons and asylums almost as full.

Futility of Half-way Measures

Since I have been old enough to give the matter thought I have watched conditions under wide open policies, almost every degree of regulation, the dispensary system and various methods of allowing the use of alcoholic liquor without permitting its abuse. I have been unable to escape the conclusion that prohibition will be the final answer to the problem.

Every step in corrective legislation is met by the same pleas of "personal liberty" and "confiscation." So why not settle the matter once and for all so far as the local manufacture and sale are concerned?

Behind the Times

From Jack London to the United States Supreme Court may seem like a far cry. I quoted Jack London for a convenient expression of my own sentiments. Now I offer the authority of the highest court in the land on the legality and justice of the proposal. When these two agree is it not sufficient answer to charges that the closing of a liquor establishment is narrow minded, childish, un-American, unconstitutional and the numerous other things it has been called?

Confiscation as an argument against prohibitory laws was exploded by the supreme court so long ago that I wonder at anyone offering it seriously. In 1847 in what are known as the "license cases" the court sustained the right of the people to regulate the liquor traffic to any extent deemed necessary for the public welfare. In one case Justice Grier wrote:

"It is not necessary, for the sake of justifying state legislation now under consideration, to array the appalling statistics of misery, pauperism and crime which have their origin in the use or abuse of ardent spirits. The police power, which is exclusively in the states, is competent to the correction of these great evils, and all measures of restraint or prohibition are within the scope of that authority. If a loss of revenue should accrue to the United States from a diminished consumption of ardent spirits, she will be the gainer a thousand-fold in the health, wealth and happiness of the people."

Personal Liberty

In *Bartmeyer vs. Iowa*, the Supreme Court declared: "So far as such a right [to sell intoxicating liquor] exists, it is not one of the rights guaranteed out of citizenship in the United States." In *Kidd vs. Pearson* it was held that the manufacture of liquor, though intended exclusively for sale in another state, might be suppressed. In still another case:

"It is urged that as the liquors are used as a beverage, and the injury following them, if taken in excess, is voluntarily inflicted and is confined to the party offending, their sale should be without restrictions. The contention is that what a man shall drink, equally with what he shall eat, is not properly a subject for legislation. There is in this position an assumption of fact which does not exist, that when the liquors are taken in excess the injuries are confined to the party offending."

Compensation Claims Not Just

In the cases of Peter Mugler, and Ziebold & Hagelin, carried up from Kansas, more than 25 years ago, compensation was demanded for the decrease in the value of breweries closed by the Kansas prohibitory law. The cause of the brewers was pleaded by Joseph H. Choate who addressed these words to the supreme court:

"In 1871, while as yet beer was as much a part of the daily food of the people of Kansas as bread and meat, they purchased a brewery in that state, of which they were citizens, investing in it their entire property. From time to time they improved and enlarged it, adding largely to their investment. Meanwhile the taxes on their property

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and business contributed to the support and welfare of the state, as the products of the brewery did to the wholesome sustenance of its inhabitants. It was a peaceful and legitimate industry, as beneficial as the bakers' or butchers', contributing to the community what had for centuries been a staple beverage of the Anglo-Saxon race."

That plea sounds strangely familiar in Sierra Madre just now. But read what seven of the eight justices then on the bench declared in their decision:

"A prohibition upon the use of property for purposes that are declared, by valid legislation, to be injurious to the health, morals or safety of the community, cannot in any just sense be deemed a taking or an appropriation of property for the public benefit. Such legislation does not disturb the owner in the use of his property for lawful purposes, nor restrict his right to dispose of it."

The power which the states unquestionably have of prohibiting such use by individuals of their property as will be prejudicial to the health, the morals or the safety of the public is not and cannot be burdened with the condition that the state must compensate such individual owners for the pecuniary losses they sustain by reason of not being permitted by a noxious use of their property to inflict injury upon the community."

It is claimed that when the defendants in these cases purchased or erected their breweries the state did not forbid the manufacture of intoxicating liquors. But the state did not thereby give any assurance or come under any obligation that its legislation upon that subject would remain unchanged. Indeed, as was said in *Stone vs. Mississippi*, the supervision of public morals and the public health is a "governmental power, continuing in its nature and to be dealt with as the special exigencies of the moment may require; and that for this purpose the largest legislative discretion is allowed, and the discretion cannot be parted with any more than the power itself." So in *Beer Company vs. Massachusetts*: "If the public safety or the public morals require the discontinuance of any manufacture or traffic the hand of the legislature cannot be stayed from providing for its discontinuance by any incidental inconvenience which individuals or corporations may suffer."

In Conclusion—

If this article seems long, please remember that it is mostly quoted. I have not dwelt upon the "terrors of the demon rum," because everyone knows what alcohol will and will not do. Down in his heart every man knows alcohol is a menace to the individual and to society. We merely differ as to the best method of avoiding the peril. I have given you my best judgment and do not believe it too radical for the thing that must be accomplished. I urge every resident and voter to weigh carefully and thoughtfully all that is said on both sides. Then let the vote be cast, not in the interest of private gain or personal prejudice, but as conscience directs for the moral and material welfare of the whole community.

G. B. M.

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Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise.—Proverbs XX. 1
Adv.

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